Calycanthus floridus L.

Eastern sweetshrub, Carolina allspice, Sweet shrub

Calycanthaceae (Sweetshrub Family)

USDA Symbol: CAFL22

USDA Native Status: Native to U.S.



Eastern sweetshrub or Carolina allspice is a 6-12 ft., deciduous shrub with glossy, aromatic, leathery, dark-green foliage. Its with erect, multiple stems create a rounded outline. Terminal blossoms are solitary and dark red with numerous overlapping, strap-like petals. Flower are often quite fragrant. Leaves become yellow in fall but are usually not showy.

Calycanthus floridus is very resistant to disease and insect problems. It has a prolific suckering habit, adapts to many soils, and grows taller in shaded places.

PLANT CHARACTERISTICS

Duration: Perennial Habit: Shrub

Leaf Retention: Deciduous Leaf Arrangement: Opposite Leaf Complexity: Simple

Fruit:

Size Class: 6-12 ft.

BLOOM INFORMATION

Bloom Color: Red

Bloom Time: Apr, May, Jun, Jul

DISTRIBUTION

 ${\sf USA:}$ AL , CT , DC , DE , FL , GA , IL , KY , LA , MA , MD , MS , NC , NY , OH , PA , SC , TN , VA , WV

Native Distribution: S.e. PA to s.e. KY, generally s. to FL Panhandle & LA Native Habitat: Wood openings & edges; stream banks; moist hillsides

USDA Native Status: L48(N)

GROWING CONDITIONS

Light Requirement: Part Shade

Soil Moisture: Moist

Soil Description: Moist, deep loams.

Conditions Comments: Calycanthus floridus is very resistant to disease and insect problems. It has a prolific suckering habit, adapts to many soils and grows taller in shaded places. Transplanting nursery stock is tricky. Pamper after planting until new growth starts.

PROPAGATION

Description: Propagate by seed, but watch for slugs on recently germinated plants. Great clonal variation exists in rootability but semi-hardwood cuttings from the right plant will root.

Seed Collection: Collect in fall to early winter.

Commercially Avail: yes